

(5 points each, unless otherwise noted)

1. If r and s are roots of $3x^2 - 16x + 12 = 0$, find $\log_2 r + \log_2 s$.

2. If $c = \log_y b$, $c \neq 0$, and $d = 2 \log_{y^3} b^3$, then find $\frac{d}{c}$.

3. Evaluate the following:

(a) $\log_3 27^{2007} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ (b) $\log_2 \frac{2}{3} + \log_2 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

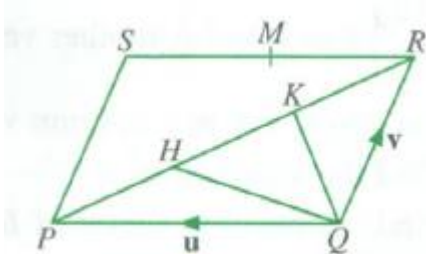
(c) $\log_{2\sqrt{2}} 16 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ (d) $(\log_2 5)(\log_5 12) + (\log_2 7)(\log_7 \frac{8}{3}) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4. Find all t such that $2 \log_3(1 - 5t) = \log_3(2t + 5) + 2$

5. Solve the equation $4^{x-3} - 8^{x+5} = 0$

6. Solve the equation $9^{2x+1} * 27^{-x} = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^5$

7. PQRS is a parallelogram. H and K trisect the diagonal PR. M is the midpoint of RS. $\overrightarrow{QP} = u, \overrightarrow{QR} = v$. (3 pts each)



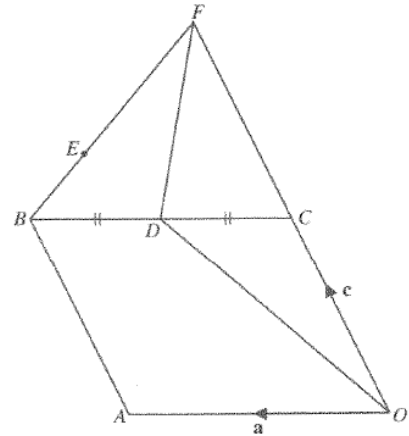
a. Express the following in terms of u and v :

$\overrightarrow{PR} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $\overrightarrow{QH} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\overrightarrow{QK} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $\overrightarrow{QM} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b. What is the relationship between \overrightarrow{QK} and \overrightarrow{QM} ? $\underline{\hspace{4cm}}$

8. In the diagram, OABC is a parallelogram and D is the midpoint of BC. BE and OC produced intersect at the point F. $BE : BF = 1 : 3$ and $OC : OF = 1 : 2$. Let $\vec{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\vec{OC} = \mathbf{c}$. Express in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{c} : (3 pts each)



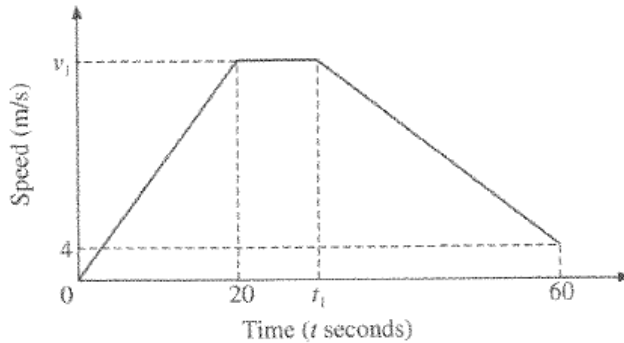
$$\vec{AC} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \vec{BF} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\vec{OD} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \vec{OE} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

9. A loan grows to \$8400 after 1 year and \$9261 after 3 years with compound interest that is compounded annually. The interest rate per year is $r\%$ and remains unchanged in these years. Find:

- (a) The value of r _____ (5 pts)
 (b) The original loan _____ (5 pts)
 (c) The total interest in the first 2 years _____ (4 pts)

10. The diagram shows the speed-time graph of a car during a 60-second interval of a journey.



- a. Find the value of v_1 if the average speed of the car in the first 20 seconds is 10 m/s _____ (4 pts)
 b. Find the value of t_1 if the acceleration of the car from $t =$

t_1 to $t = 60$ is $-\frac{8}{15} \text{ m/s}^2$ _____ (4 pts)

- c. Sketch the distance-time graph of the car during the 60-second period on the diagram below. (6 pts)

