

**Dividing Polynomials Divide.**

27. Divide  $a^2 - 3a + 2$  by  $a - 1$ .

28. Divide  $y^2 + 5y + 7$  by  $y + 2$ .

29. Divide  $2b^2 - 3b - 4$  by  $b - 2$ .

30. Divide  $3p^2 + 10p + 3$  by  $p + 3$ .

31. Divide  $5g^2 + 14g - 2$  by  $g + 3$ .

32. Divide  $c^2 - 25$  by  $c - 5$ .

33. Divide  $x^2 - 3x - 59$  by  $x - 9$ .

34. Divide  $d^2 + 15d + 45$  by  $d + 5$ .

35. Divide  $-x^2 - 6x - 16$  by  $x + 2$ .

36. Divide  $-x^2 + 9x - 12$  by  $-x - 2$ .

37. Divide  $b^2 - 7b + 4$  by  $b + 3$ .

38. Divide  $5 - 7m + 3m^2$  by  $m - 3$ .

**Solve the equation.**

26.  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{4}{x} = \frac{1}{x}$

27.  $\frac{-3x}{x+1} = \frac{-2}{x-1}$

28.  $\frac{1}{5} - \frac{2}{5x} = \frac{1}{x}$

29.  $\frac{x}{9} - \frac{8}{x} = \frac{1}{9}$

30.  $\frac{x+42}{x} = x$

31.  $\frac{2}{x} - \frac{x}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$

32.  $\frac{-3}{x+7} = \frac{2}{x+2}$

33.  $\frac{2}{x+3} + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{4}{3x}$

34.  $\frac{10}{x+3} - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{10x+1}{3x+9}$

35.  $\frac{x+3}{x-5} = \frac{56-3x}{x^2-13x+40}$

36.  $\frac{8}{x+4} + 1 = \frac{5x}{x^2-2x-24}$

37.  $\frac{x}{x-11} - 1 = \frac{22}{x^2-5x-66}$

38.  $\frac{2x}{x+3} - \frac{x}{x+7} = \frac{x^2-1}{x^2+10x+21}$

**Solve the equation by completing the square.**

32.  $x^2 + 10x = 39$

33.  $x^2 + 16x = 17$

34.  $x^2 - 24x = -44$

35.  $x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$

36.  $x^2 + 5x - \frac{11}{4} = 0$

37.  $x^2 + 11x + \frac{21}{4} = 0$

38.  $x^2 - \frac{2}{3}x - 3 = 0$

39.  $x^2 + \frac{3}{5}x - 1 = 0$

40.  $x^2 + x - 1 = 0$

41.  $4x^2 + 4x - 11 = 0$

42.  $3x^2 - 24x - 1 = 0$

43.  $4x^2 - 40x - 7 = 0$

44.  $2x^2 - 8x - 13 = 7$

45.  $5x^2 - 20x - 20 = 5$

46.  $3x^2 + 4x + 4 = 3$

47.  $4x^2 + 6x - 6 = 2$

48.  $6x^2 + 24x - 41 = 0$

49.  $20x^2 - 120x - 109 = 0$